

ESP32-C6 Series SoC

Errata

Introduction

This document describes known errata in ESP32-C6 series of SoCs.



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Espressif Systems
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Contents

Chip Identification	3
1 Chip Revision	3
2 Additional Methods	5
Errata Description	7
3 RISC-V CPU	7
3.1 Possible deadlock due to out-of-order execution of instructions when writing to LP SRAM is involved	7
4 Clock	8
4.1 Inaccurate Calibration of RC_FAST_CLK Clock	8
5 Reset	8
5.1 System Reset Triggered by RTC Watchdog Timer Cannot be Correctly Reported	8
6 RMT	8
6.1 The idle state signal level might run into error in RMT continuous TX mode	8
7 Wi-Fi	9
7.1 ESP32-C6 Cannot be 802.11mc FTM Initiator	9
Related Documentation and Resources	10
Revision History	11

Chip Identification

Note:

Check the link or the QR code to make sure that you use the latest version of this document:

https://espressif.com/sites/default/files/documentation/esp32-c6_errata_en.pdf



1 Chip Revision

Espressif is introducing **vM.X** numbering scheme to indicate chip revisions.

M – Major number, indicating the major revision of the chip product. If this number changes, it means the software used for the previous version of the product is incompatible with the new product, and the software version shall be upgraded for the use of the new product.

X – Minor number, indicating the minor revision of the chip product. If this number changes, it means the software used for the previous version of the product is compatible with the new product, and there is no need to upgrade the software.

The vM.X scheme replaces previously used chip revision schemes, including ECOx numbers, Vxxx, and other formats if any.

The chip revision is identified by:

- eFuse field EFUSE_RD_MAC_SPI_SYS_3_REG[23:22] and EFUSE_RD_MAC_SPI_SYS_3_REG[21:18]

Table 1: Chip Revision Identification by eFuse Bits

	eFuse Bit	Chip Revision	
		v0.0	v0.1
Major Number	EFUSE_RD_MAC_SPI_SYS_3_REG[23]	0	0
	EFUSE_RD_MAC_SPI_SYS_3_REG[22]	0	0
Minor Number	EFUSE_RD_MAC_SPI_SYS_3_REG[21]	0	0
	EFUSE_RD_MAC_SPI_SYS_3_REG[20]	0	0
	EFUSE_RD_MAC_SPI_SYS_3_REG[19]	0	0
	EFUSE_RD_MAC_SPI_SYS_3_REG[18]	0	1

- **Espressif Tracking Information** line in chip marking

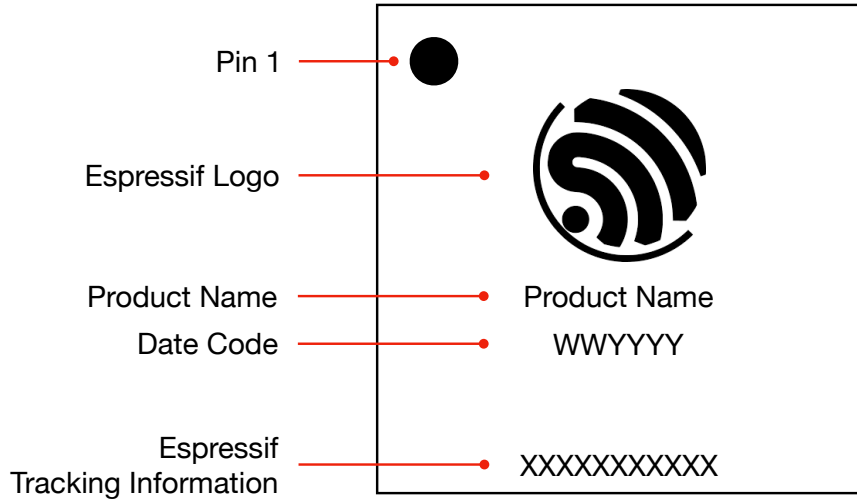


Figure 1: Chip Marking Diagram

Table 2: Chip Revision Identification by Chip Marking

Chip Revision	Espressif Tracking Information
v0.0	X A XXXXXXXX
v0.1	X B XXXXXXXX

- **Specification Identifier** line in module marking

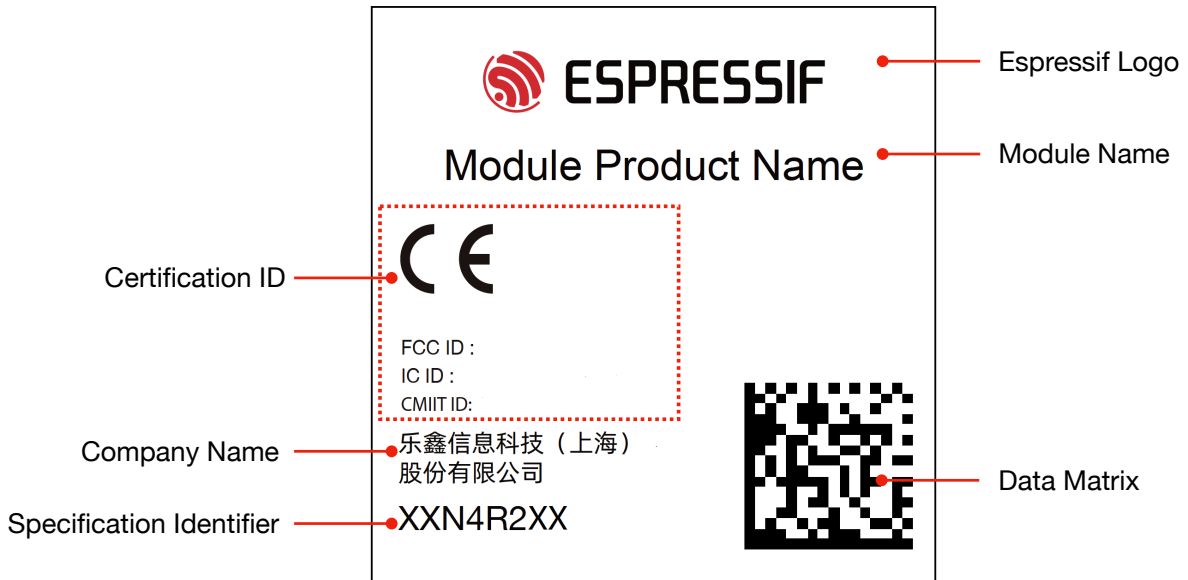


Figure 2: Module Marking Diagram

Table 3: Chip Revision Identification by Module Marking

Chip Revision	Specification Identifier
v0.0	XXXXXX
v0.1	MBXXXX

Note:

- Information about ESP-IDF release that supports a specific chip revision is provided in [Compatibility Between ESP-IDF Releases and Revisions of Espressif SoCs](#).
- For more information about the chip revision upgrade and their identification of ESP32-C6 series products, please refer to [ESP32-C6 Product/Process Change Notifications \(PCN\)](#).
- For more information about the chip revision numbering scheme, see [Compatibility Advisory for Chip Revision Numbering Scheme](#).

2 Additional Methods

Some errors in the chip product don't need to be fixed at the silicon level, or in other words in a new chip revision.

In this case, the chip may be identified by **Date Code** in chip marking (see Figure 1). For more information, please refer to [Espressif Chip Packaging Information](#).

Modules built around the chip may be identified by **PW Number** in product label (see Figure 3). For more information, please refer to [Espressif Module Packaging Information](#).



Figure 3: Module Product Label

Note:

Please note that **PW Number** is only provided for reels packaged in aluminum moisture barrier bags (MBB).

Errata Description

Table 4: Errata Summary

Category	Description	Affected Revisions	
		v0.0	v0.1
RISC-V CPU	3.1 Possible deadlock due to out-of-order execution of instructions when writing to LP SRAM is involved	Y	Y
Clock	4.1 Inaccurate Calibration of RC_FAST_CLK Clock	Y	
Reset	5.1 System Reset Triggered by RTC Watchdog Timer Cannot be Correctly Reported	Y	
RMT	6.1 The idle state signal level might run into error in RMT continuous TX mode	Y	Y
Wi-Fi	7.1 ESP32-C6 Cannot be 802.11mc FTM Initiator	Y	Y

3 RISC-V CPU

3.1 Possible deadlock due to out-of-order execution of instructions when writing to LP SRAM is involved

Description

When HP CPU executes instructions (instruction A and instruction B successively) in LP SRAM, and instruction A and instruction B happen to follow the following patterns:

- Instruction A involves writing to memory. Examples: **sw/sh/sb**
- Instruction B involves only accessing the instruction bus. Examples: **nop/jal/jalr/lui/auipc**
- The address of instruction B is not 4-byte aligned

The data written by instruction A to memory is only committed after instruction B has completed execution. This introduces a risk where, after instruction A writing to memory, if an infinite loop is executed in instruction B, the writing of instruction A will never complete.

Workarounds

When you experience this problem, or when you check the assembly code and see the above mentioned pattern,

- Add a **fence** instruction between instruction A and the infinite loop. This can be achieved by using the `rv_utils_memory_barrier` interface in ESP-IDF.
- Replace the infinite loop with instruction **wfi**. This can be achieved by using the `rv_utils_wait_for_intr` interface in ESP-IDF.
- Disable the RV32C (compressed) extension when compiling code that to be executed in LP SRAM to avoid instructions with not 4-byte aligned addresses.

Solution

To be fixed in the future chip revisions.

4 Clock

4.1 Inaccurate Calibration of RC_FAST_CLK Clock

Description

In the ESP32-C6 chip, the frequency of the RC_FAST_CLK clock source is too close to the reference clock (40 MHz XTAL_CLK) frequency, making it impossible to calibrate accurately. This may affect peripherals that use RC_FAST_CLK and have stringent requirements for its accurate clock frequency.

For peripherals using RC_FAST_CLK, please refer to [ESP32-C6 Technical Reference Manual](#) > Chapter *Reset and Clock*.

Workarounds

Use other clock sources instead of RC_FAST_CLK.

Solution

Fixed in chip revision v0.1.

5 Reset

5.1 System Reset Triggered by RTC Watchdog Timer Cannot be Correctly Reported

Description

When the RTC watchdog timer (RWDT) triggers a system reset, the reset source code can not be latched correctly. As a result, the reset cause reported is indeterminate and might be wrong.

Workarounds

No workaround.

Solution

Fixed in chip revision v0.1.

6 RMT

6.1 The idle state signal level might run into error in RMT continuous TX mode

Description

In ESP32-C6's RMT module, if the continuous TX mode is enabled, it is expected that the data transmission stops after the data is sent for RMT_TX_LOOP_NUM_CH n rounds, and after that, the signal level in idle state should be controlled by the "level" field of the end-marker.

However, in real situation, after the data transmission stops, the channel's idle state signal level is not controlled by the "level" field of the end-marker, but by the level in the data wrapped back, which is indeterminate.

Workarounds

Users are suggested to set RMT_IDLE_OUT_EN_CH n to 1 to only use registers to control the idle level.

This issue has been bypassed since the first ESP-IDF version that supports continuous TX mode (v5.1). In these versions of ESP-IDF, it is configured that the idle level can only be controlled by registers.

Solution

No fix scheduled.

7 Wi-Fi

7.1 ESP32-C6 Cannot be 802.11mc FTM Initiator

Description

The time of T3 (i.e. time of departure of ACK from Initiator) used in 802.11mc Fine Time Measurement (FTM) cannot be acquired correctly, and as a result ESP32-C6 cannot be the FTM Initiator.

Workarounds

No workaround.

Solution

To be fixed in the future chip revisions.

Related Documentation and Resources

Related Documentation

- [ESP32-C6 Series Datasheet](#) – Specifications of the ESP32-C6 hardware.
- [ESP32-C6 Technical Reference Manual](#) – Detailed information on how to use the ESP32-C6 memory and peripherals.
- [ESP32-C6 Hardware Design Guidelines](#) – Guidelines on how to integrate the ESP32-C6 into your hardware product.
- *Certificates*
<https://espressif.com/en/support/documents/certificates>
- *ESP32-C6 Product/Process Change Notifications (PCN)*
<https://espressif.com/en/support/documents/pcns?keys=ESP8684>
- *Documentation Updates and Update Notification Subscription*
<https://espressif.com/en/support/download/documents>

Developer Zone

- [ESP-IDF Programming Guide for ESP32-C6](#) – Extensive documentation for the ESP-IDF development framework.
- *ESP-IDF* and other development frameworks on GitHub.
<https://github.com/espressif>
- *ESP32 BBS Forum* – Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community for Espressif products where you can post questions, share knowledge, explore ideas, and help solve problems with fellow engineers.
<https://esp32.com/>
- *The ESP Journal* – Best Practices, Articles, and Notes from Espressif folks.
<https://blog.espressif.com/>
- See the tabs *SDKs and Demos*, *Apps*, *Tools*, *AT Firmware*.
<https://espressif.com/en/support/download/sdks-demos>

Products

- *ESP32-C6 Series SoCs* – Browse through all ESP32-C6 SoCs.
<https://espressif.com/en/products/socs?id=ESP32-C6>
- *ESP32-C6 Series Modules* – Browse through all ESP32-C6-based modules.
<https://espressif.com/en/products/modules?id=ESP32-C6>
- *ESP32-C6 Series DevKits* – Browse through all ESP32-C6-based devkits.
<https://espressif.com/en/products/devkits?id=ESP32-C6>
- *ESP Product Selector* – Find an Espressif hardware product suitable for your needs by comparing or applying filters.
<https://products.espressif.com/#/product-selector?language=en>

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Revision History

Date	Version	Release Notes
2023-11-14	v1.0	First release



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